

Pronouns grammar

Pronouns take the place of nouns so you don't have to repeat things too much.

eg Peter and John are here. They have had lunch already.

The nouns Peter and John are replaced by the pronoun they.

Types of pronouns	Examples
personal pronouns these refer to any person or thing	I, you, he, she, it, we, they, me, him, her, them, us They had many assignments to complete.
possessive pronouns these indicate who owns something	yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, mine, its <i>Her</i> school uniform was new.
interrogative pronouns these are used to ask questions	who, whose, what, which, to whom What is your name?
demonstrative pronouns these point out a specific person or thing	this, that, these, those Those shoes need a polish. These do not.
indefinite pronouns these refer to people or things in a general way	you, one, they, someone, anyone, no-one, everyone, somebody Someone needs to clean up that mess.
negative pronouns these refer to nobody and nothing	nothing, nobody, no, neither, no-one No-one will be coming tonight as it's raining.
reciprocal pronouns these express a mutual relationship	each other, one another We have known each other for years.
relative pronouns these add more information about people or things	who, whose, which, that, whom I like the dog that I saw at the pet shop.
reflexive pronouns these add emphasis to someone or something	myself, yourself, ourselves, himself, oneself, itself, herself I intend to make the scones myself as the chef is too busy.