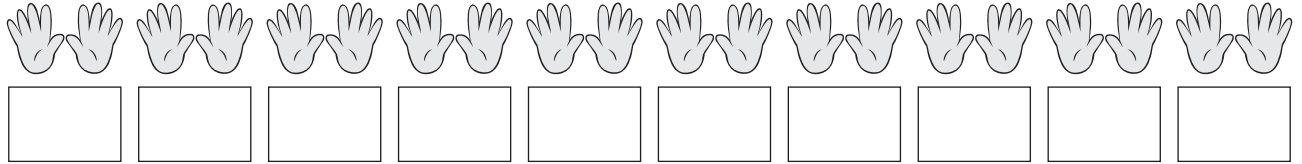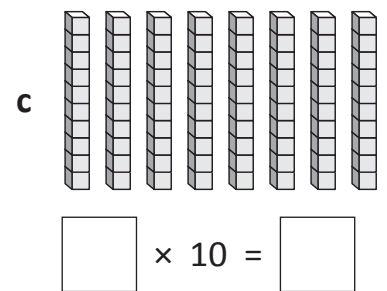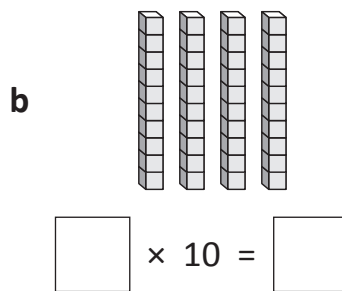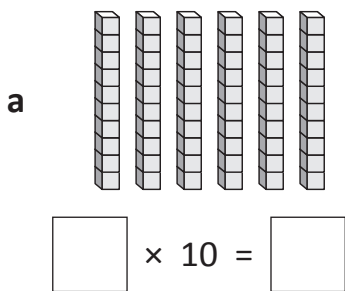# Introducing multiplication – 10 times table

If you can skip count in 10s, you know your 10 times table.

1 Complete this sequence by counting in 10s:

2 Count the longs and then complete the multiplication fact:
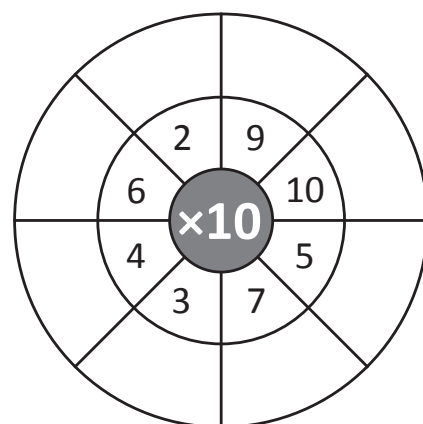
a ☐ × 10 = ☐

b ☐ × 10 = ☐

c ☐ × 10 = ☐

3 Complete the 10 times table:

1 × 10 = ☐

2 × 10 = ☐

3 × 10 = ☐

4 × 10 = ☐

5 × 10 = ☐

6 × 10 = ☐

7 × 10 = ☐

8 × 10 = ☐

9 × 10 = ☐

10 × 10 = ☐

4 Write the missing number in each 10 times table fact:

a ☐ × 10 = 50

b ☐ × 10 = 80

c ☐ × 10 = 70

5 Complete this × 10 wheel:

×10

2 9 6 10 4 5 3 7

Introducing multiplication – multiplying any number by 10

When we multiply any number by 10, a zero goes in the units column and the digits all move one space along to the left.

Hundreds	Tens	Units
		2
	2	0

$2 \times 10 = 20$

1 Show how the digits all move along when they are multiplied by 10 and write the answers below:

a

Hundreds	Tens	Units
		7
	7	0

$7 \times 10 = $ ☐

b

Hundreds	Tens	Units
		3

$3 \times 10 = $ ☐

c

Hundreds	Tens	Units
	1	5

$15 \times 10 = $ ☐

d

Hundreds	Tens	Units
	2	2

$22 \times 10 = $ ☐

2 Connect these × 10 facts to the answers:

| 16×10 | 62×10 | 93×10 | 99×10 | 13×10 |

220 510 930 990 850 160 130 620 720 980

| 72×10 | 51×10 | 85×10 | 22×10 | 98×10 |

D SERIES   1 TOPIC

Multiplication and Division