Maths symbols

We have learnt about the <u>greater than</u> symbol: **>**

e.g. 10 > 2 means 10 **is greater than** 2

And the <u>less than</u> symbol: **<**

e.g. 1 < 2 means 1 **is less than** 2

We can put the equals sign in the middle of 2 multiplication questions if they have the same answer. Example:

2 x 3 = 6

1 x 6 = 6

So we could say that 2 x 3 **=** 1 x 6

On this worksheet, you have to work out the answer to the multiplication question on the left and the multiplication question on the right. Then you have to decide which symbol to put in the middle.

<,   >   or   =

I have done the first one for you

Directions: Test your multiplication skills by writing in the correct symbol: >, <, or =.

1. 13 x 0 **<** 2 x 1 0 2	**2.** 12 x 5 ☐ 10 x 6	**3.** 5 x 5 ☐ 6 x 4
4. 12 x 3 ☐ 6 x 6	**5.** 4 x 3 ☐ 5 x 2	**6.** 6 x 5 ☐ 7 x 3
7. 6 x 9 ☐ 7 x 8	**8.** 12 x 4 ☐ 9 x 5	**9.** 8 x 3 ☐ 6 x 4
10. 8 x 4 ☐ 6 x 6	**11.** 5 x 4 ☐ 9 x 2	**12.** 13 x 0 ☐ 2 x 1